## GASTROSCOPY / UPPER GI ENDOSCOPY – The Facts

Gastroscopy is an examination of the oesophagus, stomach and duodenum (first part of the small bowel) using a thin flexible tube called an endoscope which has a camera attached. The inside lining can be seen on a TV screen.

#### **Benefits**

Direct visualization of the wall allowing detection of polyps/cancer, inflammation of wall(eg.oesophagitis, gastritis), abnormal blood vessels(oesophageal varices, angiodysplasia), peptic ulcers, hiatus hernia

Biopsies can be taken for histology.

Most polyps can be removed and treated at the same time.

## Before the operation

Need to fast for 6 hours before procedure, can have plain water to drink up to 4 hours before the procedure.

#### **Procedure**

An anaesthetist will put in a drip and give sedation during the procedure. An anaesthetic spray to numb the throat may also be given.

Position – lying on left side with mouth guard, oxygen line to nose.

The gastroscope will then be passed into your mouth and down your throat into your oesophagus, stomach and halfway into your duodenum.

### **Risks**

There are some risks which include:

- Perforation(<1 in 1000) This is very rare, if it occurs patient will require surgery
- Bleeding from biopsy site usually minor. Rarely serious bleeding(<1 in 1000) - may need blood transfusion or an operation
- Anaesthetic reactions; aspiration in lung/pneumonia; sepsis/infection; complications from lung and heart disesase; heart attack/stroke; death(1 in 10000)
- Pathology/polyps may be missed
- The procedure may not be completed due to problems inside the body or technical issues.

# Discharge advice

# Do NOT

- drive a vehicle
- operate machinery
- sign any legal documents
- work
- drink alcohol

## For 24 hours after sedation / anaesthetic

Patients need to be taken home by a responsible person and have a responsible adult care for you that night or at least be on hand in case of any problems.

Seek urgent medical attention if:

- severe abdominal pain
- fever
- persisting bleeding
- black stools
- trouble breathing
- sharp pain in chest or throat
- any other concerns